

STATE OF MINNESOTA
INTERGOVERNMENTAL UNIT AGREEMENT

COPY

This agreement is between the State of Minnesota, acting through its Commissioner of Commerce ("STATE") and St. Paul Port Authority, 850 Lawson Commons, 380 St. Peter Street, Saint Paul, MN 55102-1201 ("GOVERNMENTAL UNIT").

Recital

1. Under Minnesota Statute 216C.02, Subd 1, the STATE is empowered to enter into this Agreement.
2. Under Minnesota Statute § 471.59, the STATE is empowered to enter into agreements with other governmental units to jointly or cooperatively exercise any power common to the contracting powers or similar powers, as deemed necessary; and
3. The STATE is in need of an entity to provide financing to commercial and industrial businesses, and 501(c)(3) organizations seeking loans to install cost-effective energy efficient systems in their facilities.
4. The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT represents that it is duly qualified and agrees to perform all services described in this Agreement to the satisfaction of the STATE.

Agreement

1. Term of Agreement

- 1.1 **Effective date:** 08/01/2014, or the date the STATE obtains all required signatures under Minnesota Statutes Section 16C.05, subdivision 2, whichever is later.
- 1.2 **Expiration date:** 07/31/2019, or until all obligations have been satisfactorily fulfilled, whichever occurs first.
- 1.3 **Survival of Terms:** The following clauses survive the expiration or cancellation of this grant contract: 3. Consideration and Payment; 7. Liability; 8. State Audits; 9. Government Data Practices and Intellectual Property; 10. Publicity and Endorsement; 11. Governing Law, Jurisdiction, and Venue; 12. Termination; Exhibit A; Exhibit B; Exhibit C; Exhibit D; and Attachment 1.

2. Scope of Work

The purpose of this Agreement is to expand the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT's Trillion Btu - Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) Program ("Program") to provide loans to eligible commercial and industrial businesses, and 501(c)(3) organizations within the State of Minnesota seeking to finance installation of cost-effective energy efficient systems in their facilities.

The STATE shall grant **Five Million dollars** (\$5,000,000) in funds plus all net program income accrued under grant contract CFMS B38838 prior to expiration, transferred to the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT to administer a Program RLF fund account to be used to provide loans to eligible borrowers within the Xcel Energy Service Territory of the State of Minnesota.

In addition, the STATE commits an additional **Ten Million Thirty Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty Six dollars and Four cents** (\$10,034,736.04) in funds, transferred prior to expiration from the grant contract CFMS B38838, to the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT to administer a Program RLF fund account to be used to provide loans to eligible borrowers within the territorial boundaries of the State of Minnesota. The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT agrees to use the Agreement funds to expand access to eligible borrowers under the Program and commits to administer the Program, as outlined in Exhibit A.

3. Consideration and Payment

The total obligation will not exceed **Fifteen Million Thirty Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty Six dollars and Four Cents** (\$15,034,736.04) for all compensation and reimbursements to GOVERNMENTAL UNIT under this Agreement.

3.1 Consideration

3.1.1 Xcel Energy Service Territory Program Account ("Xcel Energy RLF").

The STATE shall grant **Five Million dollars** (\$5,000,000) plus all net program income accrued under grant contract CFMS B38838 prior to expiration, transferred to the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT to establish an Xcel Energy RLF account, using funds transferred from grant contract CFMS B38838. The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT shall use the funds to loan eligible commercial or industrial businesses,

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and/or 501 (c)(3) organizations seeking financing to install cost-effective energy efficient systems in facilities located in the Xcel Energy Service Territory within the State of Minnesota.

3.1.2 Minnesota Statewide Program Account ("Statewide RLF").

The STATE shall allocate **Ten Million Thirty Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty Six dollars and Four Cents (\$10,034,736.04)** to the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT to establish a Statewide RLF account, using funds transferred from grant contract CFMS B38838 prior to its expiration. The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT shall use the funds provided to loan eligible commercial or industrial businesses, and/or 501(c)(3) organizations seeking financing to install cost-effective energy efficient systems in facilities located within the territorial boundaries of the State of Minnesota.

3.1.3 Authority to Reduce Available Program Funds.

The STATE retains the authority to compel the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT to return funds associated with the Statewide RLF account to the STATE *upon 30 days written notice to the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT*. Upon receipt of the request for fund repayment, the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT shall return the requested funds to the STATE.

In the event the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT does not have sufficient funds in the Statewide RLF account, both the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT and the STATE agree to amend the Agreement within 30 days to incorporate a GOVERNMENTAL UNIT repayment plan based upon mutual agreement of both parties.

3.1.4 Right to Review and Monitor.

The STATE retains the right to review and monitor loans approved by the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT throughout the term of the Agreement to ensure that loans are being made are for the "purchase and installation of energy efficiency systems" by recipients of the Program loans.

3.1.5 Total Obligation.

The total obligation of the STATE for all compensation to the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT under this Agreement shall not exceed **(Fifteen Million Thirty Four Thousand Seven Hundred Thirty Six dollars and Four Cents) (\$15,034,736.04)** plus all net program income accrued under grant contract CFMS B38838 prior to its expiration.

3.2 Payment

Federal funds. Funds under this Agreement are federal funds obtained by the STATE through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5). The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT's proper use and submission of Exhibits B, C, D to the STATE, as set forth in Exhibit A herein, shall be evidence of compliance with all applicable requirements of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C 6321 et seq. and amendments thereto); the Recovery Act (Pub L. No. 111-5) and the U.S. Department of Energy Financial Assistance Rules (10CFR600); and Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

4. Conditions of Payment

All services provided by the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT under this Agreement must be performed to the STATE's satisfaction, as determined at the sole discretion of the STATE's Authorized Representative; and shall be in accordance with all applicable federal, STATE, and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations.

5. Authorized Representative

The STATE's Authorized Representative is **Eric Rehm**, Project Manager, 651-539-1853, or their successor.

The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT's Authorized Representative is **Peter Klein**, Vice President of Finance, 651-204-6211, or their successor.

6. Amendments

Any amendment to this agreement must be in writing and will not be effective until it has been executed and approved by the same parties who executed and approved the original agreement, or their successors in office.

7. Liability

Each party will be responsible for its own acts and behavior and the results thereof.

8. State Audit

The books, records, documents and accounting practices and procedures of the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT relevant to this Agreement shall be subject to examination by the STATE, and either the Minnesota Legislative Auditor or the State Auditor, as appropriate, for six years after the termination date of this Agreement.

9. Government Data Practices and Intellectual Property

The GOVERNMENTAL UNIT and the STATE must comply with the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minn. Stat. Ch. 13, as it applies to government data of a "Governmental Unit," as defined in Minn. Stat. Ch. 13, and as it applies to all data created, collected, received, stored, used, maintained, or disseminated by either party under this Agreement. The civil remedies of Minn. Stat. § 13.08 apply to the release of the data referred to in this clause by a Governmental Unit.

If the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT receives a request to release the data referred to in this Clause, it must immediately notify the STATE. The STATE will give the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT instructions concerning the release of the data to the requesting party before the data is released.

10. Publicity and Endorsements

All promotional and informational materials distributed by or for the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT shall contain the following statement: "This project was made possible by a grant from the U.S. Department of Energy and the Minnesota Department of Commerce through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA)."

For purposes of this provision, publicity includes notices, informational pamphlets, press releases, research, reports, signs, and similar public notices prepared by or for the GOVERNMENTAL UNIT individually or jointly with others, or any subcontractors, with respect to the program, publications, or services provide resulting from this Agreement.

11. Governing Law, Jurisdiction, and Venue

Minnesota law, without regard to its choice-of-law provisions, governs this Agreement. Venue for all legal proceedings out of this Agreement, or its breach, must be in the appropriate competent jurisdiction in Ramsey County, Minnesota.

12. Termination

Termination by Either Party. This Agreement may be terminated, at any time, by either party upon 30 days written notice to the other party.

1. STATE ENCUMBRANCE VERIFICATION

Individual certifies that funds have been encumbered as required by Minnesota Statutes, Sections 16A.15 and 16C.05.

Signed: [Signature]

Date: 8-1-2014

Contract/PO: 81291 \$0 encumbrance

3. MN DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

By: [Signature]
(with delegated authority)

Title: Deputy Commissioner

Date: 8-8-14

2. ST. PAUL PORT AUTHORITY

By: [Signature]
(with delegated authority)

Title: President

Date: 8-6-14

Governmental Unit's Duties

1. **Governmental Unit** shall do all things necessary to develop and administer the Trillion Btu Program Revolving Loan Fund ("Program") throughout the State of Minnesota. Acting within Program guidelines, the Governmental Unit shall provide loans to eligible borrowers to design, acquire, and install energy efficiency and/or renewable energy systems in eligible commercial, industrial, or 501 (c)(3) nonprofit organizational facilities.

2. **REVOLVING LOAN FUND ACCOUNTS**

To support the Program, Commerce shall provide funds to the Governmental Unit to administer a revolving loan fund ("RLF") to provide eligible borrowers with loans to install cost-effective energy efficiency systems meeting the terms of the Program. Using standard and prudent accounting practices, the Governmental Unit shall ensure that the Program funds are administered using two discrete accounts. The two accounts administered by the Governmental Unit under this Agreement shall be referred to as the "Xcel Energy Service Territory RLF account" and the "Statewide RLF account".

Per Minnesota Session Laws 2009, Chapter 138, Article 4, Section 1 and Article 6, Section 3 (11), \$5 million of the total funds must be used for projects in Xcel Energy service territory.

3. **REVOLVING LOAN FUND ACCOUNT MANAGEMENT**

- a. The Governmental Unit shall establish two discrete revolving loan funds, referred to as the "Xcel Service Territory RLF" and the "Statewide RLF" for use in originating loans to eligible borrowers under the Program guidelines.
- b. The Governmental Unit shall ensure that the funds allocated into each RLF account remain financially segregated throughout the duration of the Agreement using standard and prudent accounting best practices.
- c. The Governmental Unit shall ensure the accounting practices used to administer each RLF account accurately log and record each transaction, including but not limited to each RLF accounts beginning balance, loan originations, principal accrued interest, loan repayment principal, loan repayment interest, and associated bank service fees.
- d. The Governmental Unit shall limit loan originations to eligible borrowers whose projects have been reviewed and approved as meeting all Program eligibility requirements.
- e. The Governmental Unit shall restrict loan originations to eligible borrowers that have submitted all required program application documentation and upon review by the Governmental Unit have been deemed approved under the Program guidelines.
- f. The Governmental Unit shall record loan origination data in a format prescribed in the "Performance & Financial Status Reports" – Exhibit C.
- g. The Governmental Unit shall submit financial reporting data to the State at a frequency prescribed in the Governmental Unit's Duties Exhibit A – Section 11.

4. **ELIGIBLE COSTS; PROGRAM INCOME; REPAID LOAN PRINCIPAL**

Funds authorized under this Agreement shall be used for loan principal disbursed to eligible borrowers. Under the Agreement, Program Funds include both program income earned and repayments of loan principal received. The Gross Program Income includes the interest earned on funds held by the Governmental Unit, interest payments received on outstanding loan balances, funds received through recovery actions on defaulted loans, and outstanding interest (The Net Program Income equals the Gross Program Income, less the incidental costs associated with administering the program.) The net program income not spent by the Government Unit shall be used to recapitalize the Program Funds.

Laws of Minnesota, Chapter 138, Article 4, Section 1 (b) allows the Governmental Unit may use up to two percent of the grant funds for administrative expenses associated with the Xcel Energy Service Territory RLF account, not to exceed \$100,000 over the term of the contract. The Governmental Unit may use up to 50% of the gross program income generated from the Xcel Energy RLF and Statewide RLF accounts for administrative expenses. The grantee shall record its administrative expenses under the grant contract using Exhibit C.

5. ELIGIBLE BORROWERS; ELIGIBLE FACILITY; DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION

- a. An eligible borrower must be a commercial or industrial business or non-profit entity exempt from taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- b. An eligible facility must be an existing building owned by an eligible borrower.
- c. In the performance of its duties, the Governmental Unit shall not make any loan to or contract with any party that is debarred or suspended or is otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal assistance programs under Executive Order 12549, "Debarment and Suspension".

6. ELIGIBLE IMPROVEMENTS

- a. Eligible improvements include:
 - (1) Facility systems optimization (commissioning or re-commissioning);
 - (2) Facility systems control improvements;
 - (3) Lighting efficiency improvements;
 - (4) Heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems modifications;
 - (5) Exterior envelope improvements;
 - (6) Motor and pump efficiency improvements; and
 - (7) Process heat improvements or other improvements with prior written approval from the Minnesota Division of Energy Resources; and
 - (8) All projects authorized by Chapter 138, Art 4, Sec 1 of the Laws of Minnesota for 2009
- b. An eligible improvement must be identified and recommended in an energy audit performed by an auditor certified to perform energy audits under a utility Conservation Improvement Program plan.
- c. An eligible improvement must have simple payback period that is no greater than fifteen (15) years.
- d. An eligible improvement must have a useful life that is greater than its simple payback period.
- e. No new construction, expansion or preparatory work for new construction is eligible.

7. LOAN PARAMETERS

- a. Principal amount: The portion of any loan to be funded from Agreement funds may range between \$10,000 and \$1,000,000, unless a larger loan amount is authorized in writing by Commerce.
- b. Interest rate: The portion of loan principal derived from Agreement funds will bear an interest rate up to six percent (6%).
- c. Loan Amortization Term: no greater than the expected payback period plus twelve (12) months, with a maximum loan term of five (5) years, unless a longer term is authorized in writing by Commerce.

8. LENDING STANDARDS; SECURITY, SUBORDINATION AND DEFAULTS

- a. The Governmental Unit shall perform its duties under this Agreement in a manner that is consistent with actions that would be taken by a reasonable and prudent lender whose purpose is to accomplish the objectives of this Agreement.
- b. The Governmental Unit shall establish an internal loan committee to review proposed loans. The committee shall assess loan applications for conformance with program requirements, credit risk and ability to repay the loan.
- c. Security, Subordination, Defaults: The Governmental Unit shall obtain adequate and appropriate security from borrowers and shall do all things necessary and prudent to protect the interests of the revolving loan fund including but not limited to collection, foreclosure or other recovery actions on defaulted loans.

9. PROMOTIONAL MATERIALS

All promotional and informational materials distributed by or for the Governmental Unit shall contain the following statement: "This project was made possible by a grant from the U.S. Department of Energy and the Minnesota Department of Commerce through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA)", unless this requirement is waived in writing by Commerce.

10. PERIODIC REVIEW

Periodically, Commerce shall review the Governmental Unit's administration of the program to determine contractual compliance and to assess the effectiveness of the Program.

11. INVOICING & REPORTING

- a. **Invoices:** The Governmental Unit shall submit invoices for Agreement funds using the form provided in Exhibit B under this Agreement. The Governmental Unit may submit an invoice to request a part or all of the Agreements available funds.
- b. **Quarterly Status Reporting:** The Governmental Unit shall submit quarterly performance and financial status reports to Commerce, using the form provided in Exhibit C of this Agreement. Quarterly performance and financial status reports must also include project activities for all loans distributed as part of this Agreement. The Governmental Unit shall submit progress reports no later than 15 days after the reporting period.
Completion Dates: January 15, April 15, June 30, and October 15
- c. **Final U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) Reports:** The Governmental Unit shall submit a final USDOE performance and financial status report to Commerce no later than 30 days past the end date of the Program.
- d. The Governmental Unit shall submit all required reporting documents to Commerce as required by the USDOE beyond the end date of the Agreement.

Request for Grant Funds

Invoice Date: _____

Invoice Number: _____

From:

**St. Paul Port Authority
850 Lawson Commons
380 St. Peter Street
St. Paul, MN 55102**

To:

**MN Department of Commerce
Division of Energy Resources
85 7th Place East, Suite 500
St. Paul, MN 55101**

Contract

The **St. Paul Port Authority** requests disbursement of grant funds in the amount listed below:

- 1. Total grant award: \$ _____
- 2. Funds previously disbursed: \$ _____
- 3. Funds requested: \$ _____

I hereby certify and represent that the grant funds requested will be used in a manner consistent with the requirements of the grant contract described above.

ST. PAUL PORT AUTHORITY

(Signature)

Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

Financial Status Report

InterGovernmental

Unit Agreement # #####

Date Range ###/###/##### = ##/###/#####

Table with 4 columns: Xcel Energy RLF, Statewide RLF, Portfolio, and an unlabeled column. Rows include: Beginning Balance, IA Funds Transferred In, Loan Principal Repayments, Loan Interest Payments, Bank Interest Accrued, Loan Originations, Origination Fees, Servicing, Bank Fees, Misc., Ending Balance, # Loan Originations, # Loans Receivable.

3. Loan Aging

Table with 4 columns: Loan Aging, Number of Loans, Number of Loans, Outstanding Portfolio Principal. Rows include: 0-30 days, 31-60 days, 61-120 days, 120 - 180 days, 180 days +, In Default.

I hereby certify and represent that the information provided herein is true and correct.

(Signature)

Title:

Name:

Date:

**InterGovernmental Unit Agreement #:
Financial Metrics (Funds/Loans Supported by LLRs/Grants)**

Description	Group	Metric Item	Reported under ARRA (end ##/##/####)	This Period ##/##/## - ##/##/##	Cumulative To Date
Loans given, written off, fully repaid	Sectors: Commercial	Number of loans given	0	0	0
		Monetary value of loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans written off	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans written off	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans fully repaid	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans fully repaid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Buildings			
		Square Footage			

Description	Group	Metric Item	Reported under ARRA (end ##/##/####)	This Period ##/##/## - ##/##/##	Cumulative To Date
Loans given, written off, fully repaid	Sectors: Industrial	Number of loans given	0	0	0
		Monetary value of loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans written off	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans written off	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans fully repaid	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans fully repaid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Buildings			
		Square Footage			

Description	Group	Metric Item	Reported under ARRA (end ##/##/####)	This Period ##/##/## - ##/##/##	Cumulative To Date
Loans given, written off, fully repaid	Sectors: Non Profit	Number of loans given	0	0	0
		Monetary value of loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans written off	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans written off	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans fully repaid	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans fully repaid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Buildings			
		Square Footage			

Description	Group	Metric Item	Reported under ARRA (end ##/##/####)	This Period ##/##/## - ##/##/##	Cumulative To Date
Loans given, written off, fully repaid	Sectors: Residential	Number of loans given	0	0	0
		Monetary value of loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans written off	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans written off	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Number of loans fully repaid	0	0	0
		Monet. value of loans fully repaid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Tab	Section	Data Field	Notes	
Originated Loan Summary_State	Approved Borrower Information	Project #	SPPA assigned project #	
		Approved Borrower Name		
		City		
		Zip Code		
		Project Type		
		Loan Origination Date		
	Loan Origination Allocated Funds	Loan Term (mo)		
		Total Loan Origination Sum (\$)		
		Xcel or Statewide RLF Allocated (\$)	Associate all projects based upon the program funding source (Xcel or Statewide)	
		Port Funds Allocated (\$)		
		EDA Funds Allocated (\$)		
		Other Funds Allocated (\$)		
	Xcel OR Statewide RLF Outstanding Funds	Project Rebates (\$)		
		Xcel or Statewide RLF - Outstanding Funds (\$)	Associate all projects based upon the program funding source (Xcel or Statewide)	
	Project Outcomes	Total Sq Ft.	Aggregate project sq ft	
		Annual Savings (\$)	Aggregate project annual savings (\$)	
Annual Savings (MCF)		Aggregate project annual savings (MCF)		
Annual Savings (kWh)		Aggregate project annual savings (kWh)		
Annual Savings (kW)		Aggregate project annual savings (kW)		
Labor Hours Worked (Hr)		Aggregate project Labor Hours Worked (Hr)		
ECM Status Report	Project Vendor	Project #	SPPA assigned project #	
		Contractor Name	Name of contractor providing service	
		Total Project Cost (\$)		
	Utility Program Information	Utility Provider	Name of Utility Provider that is providing CIP rebate incentive for project ECM	
		CIP Rebate Program reported to	Name the CIP Rebate Program (Lighting, Motors, etc)	
		CIP Custom Project (Y/N)	to be added	
	Project Outcomes	Energy Conservation Measure (ECM)	Name each energy conservation measure (ECM) individually	
		Annual Savings (\$)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (\$)	
		Annual Savings (MCF)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (MCF)	
		Annual Savings (kWh)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (kWh)	
		Annual Savings (kW)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (kW)	
		Labor Hours Worked (Hr)	Individual ECM labor hours worked (Hr)	
	Pending Project Summary	Proposed Project Information	RLF Account (Xcel or Statewide)	Use appropriate (Xcel or Statewide) Originated Loan Summary form
			Project #	
Borrower Name				
City				
Zip Code				
Project Type				
Proposed Loan Origination Date				
Loan Term (mo)				
Estimated Loan Origination Sum (\$)				
Projected Savings Estimates (if known)		Annual Savings (\$)	Name each energy conservation measure (ECM) individually	
		Annual Savings (MCF)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (\$)	
		Annual Savings (kWh)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (MCF)	
		Annual Savings (kW)	Individual ECM annual energy savings (kWh)	
		Labor Hours Worked (Hr)	Individual ECM labor hours worked (Hr)	

Loan Origination Performance Report
 Xcel Energy Service Territory RLF Account

Inter-Governmental
 Unit Agreement #
 Date Range

Project Information				Loan Origination - Allocated Funds						Xcel Energy RLF - Outstanding Funds (\$)	Energy Outcomes								
Project #	Approved Borrower Name	City	Zip Code	Project Type	Loan Origination Date	Loan Term (mo)	Total Loan Origination Sum (\$)	Xcel Energy Service Territory RLF Allocated (\$)	Fed Funds Allocated (\$)	EIA Funds Allocated (\$)	Other Funds Allocated (\$)	Project Rebates (\$)	Xcel Energy RLF - Outstanding Funds (\$)	Total Sq Ft.	Annual Savings (\$)	Annual Savings (kCF)	Annual Savings (kWh)	Annual Savings (kW)	Labor Hours Worked (Hr)
Summary Totals																			

**Loan Origination Performance Report
Minnesota Statewide RLF Account**

InterGovernmental
Unit Agreement # #00000
Date Range 01/01/2000 - 01/01/2000

Project #	Approved Borrower Name	City	Zip Code	Project Type	Loan Origination Date	Loan Term (mo)	Total Loan Origination Sum (\$)	2000 Disbursement (\$)				Project Rebates (\$)	Statewide RLF - Outstanding Funds (\$)	Project Savings					
								State RLF Allocated (\$)	Port Funds Allocated (\$)	EDA Funds Allocated (\$)	Other Funds Allocated (\$)			Total Sq Ft	Annual Savings (\$)	Annual Savings (MCF)	Annual Savings (kWh)	Annual Savings (kW)	Lease Hours (Workal Off)
Summary Totals																			

Final Financial Status Report

InterGovernmental

Unit Agreement #

#####

Date Range

##/##/#### = ##/##/####

	Xcel Energy RLF	Statewide RLF	Portfolio
Beginning Balance			
IA Funds Transferred In			
Loan Principal Repayments			
Loan Interest Payments			
Bank Interest Accrued			
Loan Originations			
Origination Fees			
Servicing, Bank Fees, Misc.			
Ending Balance			
# Loan Originations			
# Loans Receivable			

3. Loan Aging

Loan Aging	Number of Loans	Number of Loans	Outstanding Portfolio Principal
0-30 days			
31-60 days			
61-120 days			
120 – 180 days			
180 days +			
In Default			

I hereby certify and represent that the information provided herein is true and correct.

(Signature)

Title:

Name:

Date:

**U.S. Department of Energy's
Flow Down Provisions**

SUBGRANT FLOW DOWN PROVISIONS FOR WAP AND SEP FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AWARDS

Resolution of Conflicting Conditions

Statement of Federal Stewardship

Site Visits

Reporting Requirements

Publications

Federal, State, and Municipal Requirements

Intellectual Property Provisions and Contact Information

Lobbying Restrictions

Notice Regarding the Purchase of American-Made Equipment and Products -- Sense of Congress

Decontamination and/or Decommissioning (D&D) Costs

Historic Preservation

Flow Down Terms For ARRA Awards – See Prescriptions for Applicability

Special Provisions Relating To Work Funded Under American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Reporting and Registration Requirements Under Section 1512 of The Recovery Act

Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods (Covered Under International Agreements)—Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Wage Rate Requirements Under Section 1606 Of The Recovery Act

Recovery Act Transactions Listed In Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Recipient Responsibilities For Informing Subrecipients

Davis Bacon Act Requirements (For WAP ARRA Financial Assistance Awards)

Davis Bacon Act and Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (For Use in SEP Financial Assistance Awards)

From 10 CFR 600.236-Procurement

(a) States. When procuring property and services under a grant, a State will follow the same policies and procedures it uses for procurements from its non-Federal funds. The State will ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by Federal statutes and executive orders and their implementing regulations. Other grantees and sub-grantees will follow paragraphs (b) through (i) in this section.

Note: 600.236 (i)-Contract provisions. A grantee's and sub-grantee's contracts MUST contain provisions in paragraph (i) of this section (1) through (13).

10 CFR 600.236 -- <http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/cgi/t/text/text-idx?c=ecfr&sid=1d87da29f6087f0251f78954c8888ff1&rgn=div8&view=text&node=10:4.0.1.3.9.3.20.23&idno=10>

From 10 CFR 600.237-Subgrants

Retention and Access Requirements for Records

<http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/cgi/t/text/text-idx?type=simple;c=ecfr;cc=ecfr;sid=4c22613d54c8ee557f9dc9d6015ec1c9;idno=10;region=DIV1;q1=600.242;rgn=div8;view=text;node=10%3A4.0.1.3.9.3.20.27>

Conform any advances of grant funds to sub-grantees substantially to the same standards of timing and amount that apply to cash advances by Federal agencies (refer state to 10 CFR 600.221(c)).

10 CFR 60.221(c) Advances. Grantees and subgrantees shall be paid in advance, provided they maintain or demonstrate the willingness and ability to maintain procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of the funds and their disbursement by the grantee or subgrantee.

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SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR USE IN MOST GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS

RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTING CONDITIONS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

Any apparent inconsistency between Federal statutes and regulations and the terms and conditions contained in this award must be referred to the DOE Award Administrator for guidance.

AWARD AGREEMENT TERMS AND CONDITIONS

This award/agreement consists of the Grant and Cooperative Agreement cover page, plus the following:

a. Special terms and conditions.

b. Attachments:

Attachment No.	Title
1	Intellectual Property Provisions
2	Federal Assistance Reporting Checklist
3	Budget Pages
4	State Annual File
5	State Master File
6	Wage Determination

c. Applicable program regulations [*Specify*][*Date*]

d. DOE Assistance Regulations, 10 CFR Part 600 at <http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov> and if the award is for research and to a university or non-profit, the Research Terms & Conditions and the DOE Agency Specific Requirements at <http://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/rtc/index.jsp>.

e. Application/proposal as approved by DOE.

f. National Policy Assurances to Be Incorporated as Award Terms in effect on date of award at http://management.energy.gov/business_doe/1374.htm.

PAYMENT PROCEDURES - ADVANCES THROUGH THE AUTOMATED STANDARD APPLICATION FOR PAYMENTS (ASAP) SYSTEM

a. Method of Payment. Payment will be made by advances through the Department of Treasury's ASAP system.

b. Requesting Advances. Requests for advances must be made through the ASAP system. You may submit requests as frequently as required to meet your needs to disburse funds for the Federal share of project costs. If feasible, you should time each request so that you receive payment on the same day that you disburse funds for direct project costs and the proportionate share of any allowable indirect costs. If same-day transfers are not feasible, advance payments must be as close as is administratively feasible to actual disbursements.

c. Adjusting payment requests for available cash. You must disburse any funds that are available from repayments to and interest earned on a revolving fund, program income, rebates, refunds, contract settlements, audit recoveries, credits, discounts, and interest earned on any of those funds before requesting additional cash payments from DOE.

d. Payments. All payments are made by electronic funds transfer to the bank account identified on the ASAP Bank Information Form that you filed with the U.S. Department of Treasury.

REBUDGETING AND RECOVERY OF INDIRECT COSTS - REIMBURSABLE INDIRECT COSTS AND FRINGE BENEFITS

a. If actual allowable indirect costs are less than those budgeted and funded under the award, you may use the difference to pay additional allowable direct costs during the project period. If at the completion of the award the Government's share of total allowable costs (i.e., direct and indirect), is less than the total costs reimbursed, you must refund the difference.

b. Recipients are expected to manage their indirect costs. DOE will not amend an award solely to provide additional funds for changes in indirect cost rates. DOE recognizes that the inability to obtain full reimbursement for indirect costs means the recipient must absorb the underrecovery. Such underrecovery may be allocated as part of the organization's required cost sharing.

USE OF PROGRAM INCOME - ADDITION

If you earn program income during the project period as a result of this award, you may add the program income to the funds committed to the award and use it to further eligible project objectives.

STATEMENT OF FEDERAL STEWARDSHIP – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

DOE will exercise normal Federal stewardship in overseeing the project activities performed under this award. Stewardship activities include, but are not limited to, conducting site visits; reviewing performance and financial reports; providing technical assistance and/or temporary intervention in unusual circumstances to correct deficiencies which develop during the project; assuring compliance with terms and conditions; and reviewing technical performance after project completion to ensure that the award objectives have been accomplished.

SITE VISITS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

DOE's authorized representatives have the right to make site visits at reasonable times to review project accomplishments and management control systems and to provide technical assistance, if required. You must provide, and must require your subawardees to provide, reasonable access to facilities, office space, resources, and assistance for the

safety and convenience of the government representatives in the performance of their duties. All site visits and evaluations must be performed in a manner that does not unduly interfere with or delay the work.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS -- MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

a. Requirements. The reporting requirements for this award are identified on the Federal Assistance Reporting Checklist, DOE F 4600.2, attached to this award. Failure to comply with these reporting requirements is considered a material noncompliance with the terms of the award. Noncompliance may result in withholding of future payments, suspension, or termination of the current award, and withholding of future awards. A willful failure to perform, a history of failure to perform, or unsatisfactory performance of this and/or other financial assistance awards, may also result in a debarment action to preclude future awards by Federal agencies.

b. Dissemination of scientific/technical reports. Scientific/technical reports submitted under this award will be disseminated on the Internet via the DOE Information Bridge (www.osti.gov/bridge), unless the report contains patentable material, protected data, or SBIR/STTR data. Citations for journal articles produced under the award will appear on the DOE Energy Citations Database (www.osti.gov/energycitations).

c. Restrictions. Reports submitted to the DOE Information Bridge must not contain any Protected Personal Identifiable Information (PII), limited rights data (proprietary data), classified information, information subject to export control classification, or other information not subject to release.

PUBLICATIONS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

a. You are encouraged to publish or otherwise make publicly available the results of the work conducted under the award.

b. An acknowledgment of Federal support and a disclaimer must appear in the publication of any material, whether copyrighted or not, based on or developed under this project, as follows:

Acknowledgment: "This material is based upon work supported by the Department of Energy under Award Number DE-EE0000095

Disclaimer: "This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the

United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof."

FEDERAL, STATE, AND MUNICIPAL REQUIREMENTS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

You must obtain any required permits and comply with applicable federal, state, and municipal laws, codes, and regulations for work performed under this award.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PROVISIONS AND CONTACT INFORMATION – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

- a. The intellectual property provisions applicable to this award are provided as an attachment to this award or are referenced on the Agreement Face Page. A list of all intellectual property provisions may be found at http://www.gc.doe.gov/financial_assistance_awards.htm.
- b. Questions regarding intellectual property matters should be referred to the DOE Award Administrator and the Patent Counsel designated as the service provider for the DOE office that issued the award. The IP Service Providers List is found at [http://www.gc.doe.gov/documents/Intellectual_Property_\(IP\)_Service_Providers_for_Acquisition.pdf](http://www.gc.doe.gov/documents/Intellectual_Property_(IP)_Service_Providers_for_Acquisition.pdf)

LOBBYING RESTRICTIONS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

By accepting funds under this award, you agree that none of the funds obligated on the award shall be expended, directly or indirectly, to influence congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before Congress, other than to communicate to Members of Congress as described in 18 U.S.C. 1913. This restriction is in addition to those prescribed elsewhere in statute and regulation.

NOTICE REGARDING THE PURCHASE OF AMERICAN-MADE EQUIPMENT AND PRODUCTS -- SENSE OF CONGRESS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

It is the sense of the Congress that, to the greatest extent practicable, all equipment and products purchased with funds made available under this award should be American-made.

DECONTAMINATION AND/OR DECOMMISSIONING (D&D) COSTS – MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement, the Government shall not be responsible for or have any obligation to the recipient for (i) Decontamination and/or Decommissioning (D&D) of any of the recipient's facilities, or (ii) any costs which may be incurred by the recipient in connection with the D&D of any of its facilities due to the

performance of the work under this Agreement, whether said work was performed prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this Agreement.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION -- MANDATORY FLOW DOWN REQUIRED

Prior to the expenditure of Federal funds to alter any structure or site, the Recipient is required to comply with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), consistent with DOE's 2009 letter of delegation of authority regarding the NHPA. Section 106 applies to historic properties that are listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. In order to fulfill the requirements of Section 106, the recipient must contact the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), and, if applicable, the Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO), to coordinate the Section 106 review outlined in 36 CFR Part 800. SHPO contact information is available at the following link: <http://www.ncshpo.org/find/index.htm>. THPO contact information is available at the following link: <http://www.nathpo.org/map.html>.

Section 110(k) of the NHPA applies to DOE funded activities. Recipients shall avoid taking any action that results in an adverse effect to historic properties pending compliance with Section 106.

Recipients should be aware that the DOE Contracting Officer will consider the recipient in compliance with Section 106 of the NHPA only after the Recipient has submitted adequate background documentation to the SHPO/THPO for its review, and the SHPO/THPO has provided written concurrence to the Recipient that it does not object to its Section 106 finding or determination. Recipient shall provide a copy of this concurrence to the Contracting Officer.

Prescription: This clause must be included in all grants, cooperative agreements and TIAs (new or amended) when funds appropriated under the Recovery Act are obligated to the agreement.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO WORK FUNDED UNDER AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009

Preamble

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5, (Recovery Act) was enacted to preserve and create jobs and promote economic recovery, assist those most impacted by the recession, provide investments needed to increase economic efficiency by spurring technological advances in science and health, invest in transportation, environmental protection, and other infrastructure that will provide long-term economic benefits, stabilize State and local government budgets, in order to minimize and avoid reductions in essential services and counterproductive State and local tax increases. Recipients shall use grant funds in a manner that maximizes job creation and economic benefit.

The Recipient shall comply with all terms and conditions in the Recovery Act relating generally to governance, accountability, transparency, data collection and resources as specified in Act itself and as discussed below.

Recipients should begin planning activities for their first tier subrecipients, including obtaining a DUNS number (or updating the existing DUNS record), and registering with the Central Contractor Registration (CCR).

Be advised that Recovery Act funds can be used in conjunction with other funding as necessary to complete projects, but tracking and reporting must be separate to meet the reporting requirements of the Recovery Act and related guidance. For projects funded by sources other than the Recovery Act, Contractors must keep separate records for Recovery Act funds and to ensure those records comply with the requirements of the Act.

The Government has not fully developed the implementing instructions of the Recovery Act, particularly concerning specific procedural requirements for the new reporting requirements. The Recipient will be provided these details as they become available. The Recipient must comply with all requirements of the Act. If the recipient believes there is any inconsistency between ARRA requirements and current award terms and conditions, the issues will be referred to the Contracting Officer for reconciliation.

Definitions

For purposes of this clause, Covered Funds means funds expended or obligated from appropriations under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5. Covered Funds will have special accounting codes and will be identified as Recovery Act funds in the grant, cooperative agreement or TIA and/or modification using Recovery Act funds. Covered Funds must be reimbursed by September 30, 2015.

Non-Federal employer means any employer with respect to covered funds – the contractor, subcontractor, grantee, or recipient, as the case may be, if the contractor, subcontractor, grantee, or recipient is an employer; and any professional membership organization, certification of other professional body, any agent or licensee of the Federal government, or any person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer receiving covered funds; or with respect to covered funds received by a State or local government, the State or local government receiving the funds and any contractor or subcontractor receiving the funds and any contractor or subcontractor of the State or local government; and does not mean any department, agency, or other entity of the federal government.

Recipient means any entity that receives Recovery Act funds directly from the Federal government (including Recovery Act funds received through grant, loan, or contract) other than an individual and includes a State that receives Recovery Act Funds.

Special Provisions

A. Flow Down Requirement

Recipients must include these special terms and conditions in any subaward.

B. Segregation of Costs

Recipients must segregate the obligations and expenditures related to funding under the Recovery Act. Financial and accounting systems should be revised as necessary to segregate, track and maintain these funds apart and separate from other revenue streams. No part of the funds from the Recovery Act shall be commingled with any other funds or used for a purpose other than that of making payments for costs allowable for Recovery Act projects.

C. Prohibition on Use of Funds

None of the funds provided under this agreement derived from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5, may be used by any State or local government, or any private entity, for any casino or other gambling establishment, aquarium, zoo, golf course, or swimming pool.

D. Access to Records

With respect to each financial assistance agreement awarded utilizing at least some of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5, any representative of an appropriate inspector general appointed under section 3 or 8G of the Inspector General Act of 1988 (5 U.S.C. App.) or of the Comptroller General is authorized –

- (1) to examine any records of the contractor or grantee, any of its subcontractors or subgrantees, or any State or local agency administering such contract that pertain to, and involve transactions relation to, the subcontract, subcontract, grant, or subgrant; and
- (2) to interview any officer or employee of the contractor, grantee, subgrantee, or agency regarding such transactions.

E. Publication

An application may contain technical data and other data, including trade secrets and/or privileged or confidential information, which the applicant does not want disclosed to the public or used by the Government for any purpose other than the application. To protect such data, the applicant should specifically identify each page including each line or paragraph thereof containing the data to be protected and mark the cover sheet of the application with the following Notice as well as referring to the Notice on each page to which the Notice applies:

Notice of Restriction on Disclosure and Use of Data

Prescription: The following award term shall be used to implement the recipient reporting and registration requirements in the Recovery Act section 1512.

REPORTING AND REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 1512 OF THE RECOVERY ACT

(a) This award requires the recipient to complete projects or activities which are funded under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act) and to report on use of Recovery Act funds provided through this award. Information from these reports will be made available to the public.

(b) The reports are due no later than ten calendar days after each calendar quarter in which the recipient receives the assistance award funded in whole or in part by the Recovery Act.

(c) Recipients and their first-tier recipients must maintain current registrations in the Central Contractor Registration (<http://www.ccr.gov>) at all times during which they have active federal awards funded with Recovery Act funds. A Dun and Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number (<http://www.dnb.com>) is one of the requirements for registration in the Central Contractor Registration.

(d) The recipient shall report the information described in section 1512(c) of the Recovery Act using the reporting instructions and data elements that will be provided online at <http://www.FederalReporting.gov> and ensure that any information that is pre-filled is corrected or updated as needed.

Prescription: When awarding Recovery Act funds for construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public building or public work and the total project value is estimated less than \$7,443,000, the agency shall use this award term.

REQUIRED USE OF AMERICAN IRON, STEEL, AND MANUFACTURED GOODS -- SECTION 1605 OF THE AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009

(a) Definitions. As used in this award term and condition--

(1) Manufactured good means a good brought to the construction site for incorporation into the building or work that has been--

(i) Processed into a specific form and shape; or

(ii) Combined with other raw material to create a material that has different properties than the properties of the individual raw materials.

(2) Public building and public work means a public building of, and a public work of, a governmental entity (the United States; the District of Columbia; commonwealths, territories, and minor outlying islands of the United States; State and local governments; and multi-State, regional, or interstate entities which have governmental functions). These buildings and works may include, without limitation, bridges, dams,

plants, highways, parkways, streets, subways, tunnels, sewers, mains, power lines, pumping stations, heavy generators, railways, airports, terminals, docks, piers, wharves, ways, lighthouses, buoys, jetties, breakwaters, levees, and canals, and the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of such buildings and works.

(3) Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between .02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

(b) Domestic preference. (1) This award term and condition implements Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act) (Pub. L. 111--5), by requiring that all iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States except as provided in paragraph (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this section and condition.

(2) This requirement does not apply to the material listed by the Federal Government as follows:

[Award official to list applicable excepted materials or indicate "none"]

(3) The award official may add other iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods to the list in paragraph (b)(2) of this section and condition if the Federal Government determines that--

(i) The cost of the domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods would be unreasonable. The cost of domestic iron, steel, or manufactured goods used in the project is unreasonable when the cumulative cost of such material will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent;

(ii) The iron, steel, and/or manufactured good is not produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or

(iii) The application of the restriction of section 1605 of the Recovery Act would be inconsistent with the public interest.

(c) Request for determination of inapplicability of Section 1605 of the Recovery Act . (1)(i) Any recipient request to use foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this section shall include adequate information for Federal Government evaluation of the request, including--

(A) A description of the foreign and domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods;

(B) Unit of measure;

(C) Quantity;

(D) Cost;

(E) Time of delivery or availability;

(F) Location of the project;

(G) Name and address of the proposed supplier; and

(H) A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

(ii) A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed cost comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this section.

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between .02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

(b) *Iron, steel, and manufactured goods.* (1) The award term and condition described in this section implements—

(i) Section 1605(a) of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111–5) (Recovery Act), by requiring that all iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States; and

(ii) Section 1605(d), which requires application of the Buy American requirement in a manner consistent with U.S. obligations under international agreements. The restrictions of section 1605 of the Recovery Act do not apply to designated country iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods. The Buy American requirement in section 1605 shall not be applied where the iron, steel or manufactured goods used in the project are from a Party to an international agreement that obligates the recipient to treat the goods and services of that Party the same as domestic goods and services. This obligation shall only apply to projects with an estimated value of \$7,443,000 or more.

(2) The recipient shall use only domestic or designated country iron, steel, and manufactured goods in performing the work funded in whole or part with this award, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this section.

(3) The requirement in paragraph (b)(2) of this section does not apply to the iron, steel, and manufactured goods listed by the Federal Government as follows:

[*Award official to list applicable excepted materials or indicate "none"]*

(4) The award official may add other iron, steel, and manufactured goods to the list in paragraph (b)(3) of this section if the Federal Government determines that—

(i) The cost of domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods would be unreasonable. The cost of domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods used in the project is unreasonable when the cumulative cost of such material will increase the overall cost of the project by more than 25 percent;

(ii) The iron, steel, and/or manufactured good is not produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality; or

(iii) The application of the restriction of section 1605 of the Recovery Act would be inconsistent with the public interest.

(c) *Request for determination of inapplicability of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American Act.* (1)(i) Any recipient request to use foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this section shall include adequate information for Federal Government evaluation of the request, including—

(A) A description of the foreign and domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods;

(B) Unit of measure;

(C) Quantity;

(D) Cost;

(E) Time of delivery or availability;

(F) Location of the project;

(G) Name and address of the proposed supplier; and

(H) A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this section.

(ii) A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed cost comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this section.

(iii) The cost of iron, steel, or manufactured goods shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty.

(iv) Any recipient request for a determination submitted after Recovery Act funds have been obligated for a project for construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair shall explain why the recipient could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before the funds were obligated. If the recipient does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the award official need not make a determination.

(2) If the Federal Government determines after funds have been obligated for a project for construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies, the award official will amend the award to allow use of the foreign iron, steel, and/or relevant manufactured goods. When the basis for the exception is nonavailability or public interest, the amended award shall reflect adjustment of the award amount, redistribution of budgeted funds, and/or other appropriate actions taken to cover costs associated with acquiring or using the foreign iron, steel, and/or relevant manufactured goods.. When the basis for the exception is the unreasonable cost of the domestic iron, steel, or manufactured goods, the award official shall adjust the award amount or redistribute budgeted funds, as appropriate, by at least the differential established in 2 CFR 176.110(a).

(3) Unless the Federal Government determines that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies, use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods other than designated country iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods is noncompliant with the applicable Act.

(d) *Data.* To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (b) of this section based on unreasonable cost, the applicant shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:

Foreign and Domestic Items Cost Comparison

Description	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost (dollars)*
<i>Item 1:</i>			
Foreign steel, iron, or manufactured good			
Domestic steel, iron, or manufactured good			
<i>Item 2:</i>			

Foreign steel, iron, or manufactured good			
Domestic steel, iron, or manufactured good			

[List name, address, telephone number, email address, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.]

[Include other applicable supporting information.]

*[*Include all delivery costs to the construction site.]*

Prescription: When issuing announcements or requesting applications for Recovery Act programs or activities that may involve construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair the agency shall use this award term.

WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 1606 OF THE RECOVERY ACT

(a) Section 1606 of the Recovery Act requires that all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to the Recovery Act shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.

Pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 14 and the Copeland Act, 40 U.S.C. 3145, the Department of Labor has issued regulations at 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 to implement the Davis-Bacon and related Acts. Regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 instruct agencies concerning application of the standard Davis-Bacon contract clauses set forth in that section. Federal agencies providing grants, cooperative agreements, and loans under the Recovery Act shall ensure that the standard Davis-Bacon contract clauses found in 29 CFR 5.5(a) are incorporated in any resultant covered contracts that are in excess of \$2,000 for construction, alteration or repair (including painting and decorating).

(b) For additional guidance on the wage rate requirements of section 1606, contact your awarding agency. Recipients of grants, cooperative agreements and loans should direct their initial inquiries concerning the application of Davis-Bacon requirements to a particular federally assisted project to the Federal agency funding the project. The Secretary of Labor retains final coverage authority under Reorganization Plan Number 14.

Prescription: The award term described in this section shall be used by agencies to clarify recipient responsibilities regarding tracking and documenting Recovery Act expenditures.

RECOVERY ACT TRANSACTIONS LISTED IN SCHEDULE OF

EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR INFORMING

(a) To maximize the transparency and accountability of funds authorized under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111--5) (Recovery Act) as required by Congress and in accordance with 2 CFR 215.21 "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Agreements" and OMB Circular A--102 Common Rules provisions, recipients agree to maintain records that identify adequately the source and application of Recovery Act funds. OMB Circular A--102 is available at <http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a102/a102.html>.

(b) For recipients covered by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A--133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations," recipients agree to separately identify the expenditures for Federal awards under the Recovery Act on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) and the Data Collection Form (SF--SAC) required by OMB Circular A--133. OMB Circular A--133 is available at <http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a133/a133.html>. This shall be accomplished by identifying expenditures for Federal awards made under the Recovery Act separately on the SEFA, and as separate rows under Item 9 of Part III on the SF--SAC by CFDA number, and inclusion of the prefix "ARRA-" in identifying the name of the Federal program on the SEFA and as the first characters in Item 9d of Part III on the SF--SAC.

(c) Recipients agree to separately identify to each subrecipient, and document at the time of subaward and at the time of disbursement of funds, the Federal award number, CFDA number, and amount of Recovery Act funds. When a recipient awards Recovery Act funds for an existing program, the information furnished to subrecipients shall distinguish the subawards of incremental Recovery Act funds from regular subawards under the existing program.

(d) Recipients agree to require their subrecipients to include on their SEFA information to specifically identify Recovery Act funding similar to the requirements for the recipient SEFA described above. This information is needed to allow the recipient to properly monitor subrecipient expenditure of ARRA funds as well as oversight by the Federal awarding agencies, Offices of Inspector General and the Government Accountability Office.

Prescription: Include for ARRA Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) Awards when WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 1606 OF THE AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT ("RECOVERY ACT") term is required.

DAVIS BACON ACT REQUIREMENTS

A. Definitions. For purposes of this term, the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act term, and the Recipient Functions term, the following definitions are applicable:

(1) *Award* means the Award by the Department of Energy (DOE) to a Recipient that includes a requirement to comply with the labor standards clauses and wage rate requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act (DBA) for work performed by all laborers and mechanics employed by Subrecipients, Contractors and subcontractors on projects funded by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to the Recovery Act.

(2) “*Construction, alteration or repair*” means all types of work done by laborers and mechanics employed by the Subrecipient, construction contractor or construction subcontractor on a particular building or work at the site thereof, including without limitation—

(a) Altering, remodeling, installation (if appropriate) on the site of the work of items fabricated off-site;

(b) Painting and decorating; or

(c) Manufacturing or furnishing of materials, articles, supplies, or equipment on the site of the building or work.

(3) *Contract* means a written procurement contract executed by a Subrecipient for the acquisition of property and services for construction, alteration, and repair under a Subaward. For purposes of these terms, a Contract shall include subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts under the Contract.

(4) *Contracting Officer* means the DOE official authorized to execute awards on behalf of DOE and who is responsible for the business management and non-program aspects of the financial assistance process.

(5) *Contractor* means an entity that enters into a Contract. For purposes of these terms, Contractor shall include subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors.

(6) *Recipient* means any entity other than an individual that receives Recovery Act funds in the form of a grant directly from the Federal Government. The term includes the State that receives an Award from DOE and is financially accountable for the use of any DOE funds or property, and is legally responsible for carrying out the terms and conditions of the program and Award.

(7) “*Site of the work*”—

(a) Means—

(i) The physical place or places where the construction called for in the Award, Subaward, or Contract will remain when work on it is completed; and

(ii) Any other site where a significant portion of the building or work is constructed, provided that such site is established specifically for the performance of the project;

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this definition, the site of the work includes any fabrication plants, mobile factories, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc., provided—

(1) They are dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the project; and

(2) They are adjacent or virtually adjacent to the site of the work as defined in paragraphs (7)(a)(i) or (7)(a)(ii) of this definition; and

(c) Does not include permanent home offices, branch plant establishments, fabrication plants, or tool yards of a Contractor or subcontractor whose locations and continuance in operation are determined wholly without regard to a particular contract or Federal Award or project. In addition, fabrication plants, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, yards, etc., of a commercial or material supplier which are established by a supplier of materials for the project before opening of bids and not on the project site as defined in paragraphs (7)(a)(i) or (7)(a)(ii) of this definition, are not included in the "site of the work." Such permanent, previously established facilities are not a part of the "site of the work" even if the operations for a period of time may be dedicated exclusively or nearly so, to the performance of an Award, Subaward, or Contract.

(8) *Subaward* means an award of financial assistance in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, made under an award by a Recipient to an eligible Subrecipient or by a Subrecipient to a lower-tier subrecipient. The term includes financial assistance when provided by any legal agreement, even if the agreement is called a contract, but does not include the Recipient's procurement of goods and services to carry out the program nor does it include any form of assistance which is excluded from the definition of "Award" above.

(9) *Subrecipient* means a non-Federal entity that expends Federal awards received from a pass-through entity [Recipient] to carry out a Federal program, but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such a program. The term includes a Community Action Agency (CAA), local agency, or other entity to which a Subaward under the Award is made by a Recipient that includes a requirement to comply with the labor standards clauses and wage rate requirements of the DBA work performed by all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects funded by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant of the Recovery Act.

B. Davis-Bacon Act

(1)(a) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached to the Subaward or Contract and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Recipient, a Subrecipient, or Contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

(i) *Applicable to Recipient Only:* Prior to the issuance of the Subaward or Contract, the Recipient shall notify the Contracting Officer of the site of the work in order for the appropriate wage determination to be obtained by the Contracting Officer from the Secretary of Labor.

(ii) If the Subaward or Contract is or has been issued without a wage determination, the Recipient shall notify the Contracting Officer immediately of the site of the work under the Subaward or Contract in order for the appropriate wage determination to be obtained by the Contracting Officer from the Secretary of Labor.

(b) Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the DBA on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers and mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph B(4) below; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be

constructively made or incurred during such period.

(c) Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid not less than the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in the paragraph entitled Apprentices and Trainees. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein; provided that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.

(d) The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph B(2) of this term) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Subrecipient and Contractor at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(2)(a) The Contracting Officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the Subaward or Contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The Contracting Officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when all the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination.

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry.

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(b) If the Subrecipient (and Contractor, when applicable) and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the Subrecipient shall notify the Recipient. The Recipient shall notify the Contracting Officer of this agreement. If the Contracting Officer agrees with the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the Contracting Officer to the Administrator of the:

Wage and Hour Division
Employment Standards Administration
U.S. Department of Labor
Washington, DC 20210

The Administrator or an authorized representative will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(c) In the event the Subrecipient (and Contractor, when applicable), and the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification, or their representatives, do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the Subrecipient shall notify the Recipient. The Recipient shall notify the Contracting Officer of the disagreement. The Contracting Officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the Contracting Officer, to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the

Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(d) The wage rate (including fringe benefits, where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs B(2)(b) or B(2)(c) of this Term shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under the Award, Subaward, or Contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(3) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the Award, Subaward, or Contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Subrecipient and Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(4) If the Subrecipient or Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Subrecipient or Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program; provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Subrecipient or Contractor that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Subrecipient or Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

C. Rates of Wages

(1) The minimum wages to be paid laborers and mechanics under the Subaward or Contract involved in performance of work at the project site, as determined by the Secretary of Labor to be prevailing for the corresponding classes of laborers and mechanics employed on projects of a character similar to the contract work in the pertinent locality, are included as an attachment to the Award, Subaward, or Contract.

(2) If the Subaward or Contract has been issued without a wage determination, the Recipient shall notify the Contracting Officer immediately of the site of the work under the Subaward or Contract in order for the appropriate wage determination to be obtained by the Contracting Officer from the Secretary of Labor.

D. Payrolls and Basic Records

(1) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Recipient, Subrecipient and Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found, under paragraph (4) of the provision entitled Davis-Bacon Act, that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Subrecipient or Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. The Subrecipient or Contractor employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(2)(a) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any Contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Subrecipient. The Subrecipient shall submit weekly for each week in which any Subaward or Contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Recipient. The Recipient shall submit weekly for each week in which any Subaward or Contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Contracting Officer. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph D(1) of this Term, except that the full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site.

(b) The Recipient is responsible for ensuring that all Subrecipients and Contractors submit copies of payrolls and basic records as required by paragraph D, Payrolls and Basic Records, of this Term. The Subrecipient is responsible for ensuring all Contractors, including lower tier subcontractors submit copies of payrolls and basic records as required by paragraph D, Payrolls and Basic Records, of this term. Subrecipients and Contractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request for transmission to the Contracting Officer, the Recipient, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. The Recipient shall also obtain and provide the full social security number and current address of each covered worker upon request by the Contracting Officer or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a Recipient to require a Subrecipient or Contractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the Recipient for its own records, without weekly submission to the Contracting Officer.

(c) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Recipient, Subrecipient or Contractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the Subaward or Contract and shall certify—

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph D(2)(a) of this Term, the appropriate information is being maintained under paragraph D(1) of this Term, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the Subaward or Contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3; and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the Subaward or Contract.

(d) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph D(2)(c) of this Term.

(e) The falsification of any of the certifications in Paragraph D, Payrolls and Basic Records, of this Term may subject the Recipient, Subrecipient or Contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(3) The Recipient, Subrecipient, or Contractor shall make the records required under paragraph D(1) of this Term available for inspection, copying, or transcription by the Contracting Officer, authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer, or the Department of Labor. The Subrecipient or Contractor shall permit the Contracting Officer, authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Recipient, Subrecipient, or Contractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the Contracting Officer may, after written notice to the Recipient, Subrecipient, or Contractor take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

E. Withholding of Funds

(1) The DOE Contracting Officer shall, upon his or her or its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the Recipient or any other contract or Federal Award with the same Recipient, on this or any other federally assisted Award subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same Recipient so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Subrecipient or a Contractor the full amount of wages required by the Award or Subaward or a Contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the Award or Subaward or a Contract, the Contracting Officer may, after written notice to the Recipient take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

(2) The Recipient shall, upon its own action or upon written request of the DOE Contracting Officer or an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from any Subrecipient or Contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Subrecipient or Contractor the full amount of wages required by the Subaward or Contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the Subaward or Contract, the Recipient may, after written notice to the Subrecipient or Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased or the Government may cause the suspension of any further payment under any other contract or Federal award with the same Subrecipient or Contractor, on any other federally assisted Award subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same Subrecipient or Contractor.

F. Apprentices and Trainees

(1) Apprentices.

(a) An apprentice will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed—

(i) Pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship and Training, Employer, and Labor Services (OATELS) or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OATELS; or

(ii) In the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, even though not individually registered in the program, if

certified by the OATELS or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

(b) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Subrecipient or Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program.

(c) Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph F(1) of this Term, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(d) Where a Subrecipient or Contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Subrecipient's or Contractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination.

(e) Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

(f) In the event OATELS, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by OATELS, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Subrecipient or Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) Trainees.

(a) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by (OATELS). The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by OATELS.

(b) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed in the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship/training program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate in the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the OATELS shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(c) In the event OATELS withdraws approval of a training program, the Subrecipient or Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(3) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this Term shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.

G. Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements

The Recipient, Subrecipient or Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3 which are hereby incorporated by reference in the Award, Subaward or Contract.

H. Subawards and Contracts

(1) The Recipient, the Subrecipient and Contractor shall insert in the Subaward or any Contracts this Term entitled "Davis Bacon Act Requirements" and such other terms as the Contracting Officer may require. The Recipient shall be responsible for ensuring compliance by any Subrecipient or Contractor with all of the requirements contained in this Term. The Subrecipient shall be responsible for the compliance by Contractor with all of the requirements contained in this Term.

(2) Within 14 days after issuance of a Subaward, the Recipient shall deliver to the Contracting Officer a completed Standard Form (SF) 1413, Statement and Acknowledgment, for each Subaward and Contract for construction within the United States, including the Subrecipient's and Contractor's signed and dated acknowledgment that this Term has been included in the Subaward and any Contracts. The SF 1413 is available from the Contracting Officer or at [http://contacts.gsa.gov/webforms.nsf/0/70B4872D16EE95A785256A26004F7EA8/\\$file/sf1413_e.pdf](http://contacts.gsa.gov/webforms.nsf/0/70B4872D16EE95A785256A26004F7EA8/$file/sf1413_e.pdf). Within 14 days after issuance of a Contract or lower-tier subcontract, the Subrecipient shall deliver to the Recipient a completed Standard Form (SF) 1413, Statement and Acknowledgment, for each Contract and lower-tier subcontract for construction within the United States, including the Contractor and lower-tier subcontractor's signed and dated acknowledgment that this Term has been included in any Contract and lower-tier subcontracts. SF 1413 is available from the Contracting Officer or at [http://contacts.gsa.gov/webforms.nsf/0/70B4872D16EE95A785256A26004F7EA8/\\$file/sf1413_e.pdf](http://contacts.gsa.gov/webforms.nsf/0/70B4872D16EE95A785256A26004F7EA8/$file/sf1413_e.pdf). The Recipient shall immediately provide to the DOE Contracting Officer the completed Standard Forms (SF) 1413.

I. Contract Termination—Debarment

A breach of these provisions may be grounds for termination of the Award, Subaward, or Contract and for debarment as a Contractor or subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

J. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Regulations

All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are hereby incorporated by reference in the Award, Subaward or Contract.

K. Disputes Concerning Labor Standards

The United States Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7 procedures for resolving disputes concerning labor standards requirements. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures and shall not be subject to any other dispute provision that may be contained in the Award, Subaward, and Contract. Disputes within the meaning of this Term include disputes between the Recipient, Subrecipient (including any Contractor) and the Department of Energy, the U.S. Department of Labor, or

the employees or their representatives.

L. Certification of Eligibility.

(1) By entering into this Award, Subaward, or Contract (as applicable), the Recipient, Subrecipient, or Contractor, respectively certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Recipient, Subrecipient, or Contractor's firm, is a person, entity, or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts or Government awards by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

(2) No part of this Award, Subaward or Contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract or Government award by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

(3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

M. Approval of Wage Rates

All straight time wage rates, and overtime rates based thereon, for laborers and mechanics engaged in work under an Award, Subaward or Contract must be submitted for approval in writing by the head of the federal contracting activity or a representative expressly designated for this purpose, if the straight time wages exceed the rates for corresponding classifications contained in the applicable Davis-Bacon Act minimum wage determination included in the Award, Subaward or Contract. Any amount paid by the Subrecipient or Contractor to any laborer or mechanic in excess of the agency approved wage rate shall be at the expense of the Subrecipient or Contractor and shall not be reimbursed by the Recipient or Subrecipient. If the Government refuses to authorize the use of the overtime, the Subrecipient or Contractor is not released from the obligation to pay employees at the required overtime rates for any overtime actually worked.

Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act

This Term entitled "Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA)" shall apply to any Subaward or Contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000. As used in this CWHSSA Term, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

A. Overtime requirements. No Subrecipient or Contractor contracting for any part of the Subaward work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

B. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the term set forth in paragraph B herein, the Subrecipient or Contractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such Subrecipient or Contractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under a Subaward or Contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the provision set forth in CWHSSA paragraph A, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the term set forth in paragraph (A) of this section.

C. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages.

(1) The DOE Contracting Officer shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the Recipient on this or any other Federal Award or Federal contract with the same Recipient on any other federally-assisted Award or contract subject to the CWHSSA, which is held by the same Recipient such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Recipient for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the term set forth in CWHSSA, paragraph B of this Term.

(2) The Recipient shall, upon its own action or upon written request of the DOE Contracting Officer or an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the Subrecipient or Contractor on this or any other federally assisted subaward or contract subject to the CWHSSA, which is held by the same Subrecipient or Contractor such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Subrecipient or Contractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in term set forth in CWHSSA, paragraph B of this Term.

D. Subcontracts. The Subrecipient shall insert in a Contract and a Contractor shall insert in any lower tier subcontracts, the terms set forth in these CWHSSA paragraphs (A) through (D) and also a provision requiring the Contractors to include this CWHSSA Term in any lower tier subcontracts. The Recipient shall be responsible for compliance by any Subrecipient or Contractor, with the CWHSSA paragraphs A through D. The Subrecipient shall be responsible for compliance by any Contractor (including lower-tier subcontractors).

E. The Subrecipient or Contractor shall maintain payrolls and basic payrolls in accordance with Davis-Bacon Act Requirements term, for all laborers and mechanics, including guards and watchmen working on the Subaward or Contracts. These records are subject to the requirements set forth in the Davis Bacon Requirements term.

Prescription: Include for ARRA Awards (other than Weatherization Assistance Program and Loan Program awards) when WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 1606 OF THE AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT ("RECOVERY ACT") term is required.

DAVIS BACON ACT AND CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Definitions: For purposes of this article, Davis Bacon Act and Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, the following definitions are applicable:

(1) "Award" means any grant, cooperative agreement or technology investment agreement made with Recovery Act funds by the Department of Energy (DOE) to a Recipient. Such Award must require compliance with the labor standards clauses and wage rate requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act (DBA) for work performed by all laborers and mechanics employed by Recipients (other than a unit of State or local government whose own employees perform the construction) Subrecipients, Contractors and subcontractors.

(2) "Contractor" means an entity that enters into a Contract. For purposes of these clauses, Contractor shall include (as applicable) prime contractors, Recipients, Subrecipients, and Recipients' or Subrecipients' contractors, subcontractors, and lower-tier subcontractors.

“Contractor” does not mean a unit of State or local government where construction is performed by its own employees.”

(3) “Contract” means a contract executed by a Recipient, Subrecipient, prime contractor or any tier subcontractor for construction, alteration, or repair. It may also mean (as applicable) (i) financial assistance instruments such as grants, cooperative agreements, technology investment agreements, and loans; and, (ii) Sub awards, contracts and subcontracts issued under financial assistance agreements. “Contract” does not mean a financial assistance instrument with a unit of State or local government where construction is performed by its own employees.

(4) “Contracting Officer” means the DOE official authorized to execute an Award on behalf of DOE and who is responsible for the business management and non-program aspects of the financial assistance process.

(5) “Recipient” means any entity other than an individual that receives an Award of Federal funds in the form of a grant, cooperative agreement or technology investment agreement directly from the Federal Government and is financially accountable for the use of any DOE funds or property, and is legally responsible for carrying out the terms and conditions of the program and Award.

(6) “Subaward” means an award of financial assistance in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, made under an award by a Recipient to an eligible Subrecipient or by a Subrecipient to a lower- tier subrecipient. The term includes financial assistance when provided by any legal agreement, even if the agreement is called a contract, but does not include the Recipient’s procurement of goods and services to carry out the program nor does it include any form of assistance which is excluded from the definition of “Award” above.

(7) “Subrecipient” means a non-Federal entity that expends Federal funds received from a Recipient to carry out a Federal program, but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such a program.

(a) Davis Bacon Act

(1) Minimum wages.

(i) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (a)(1)(iv) of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in § 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the

rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(ii)(A) The Contracting Officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the Contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The Contracting Officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

- (1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
- (2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(B) If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the Contracting Officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the Contracting Officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(C) In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the Contracting Officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the Contracting Officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the Contracting Officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs (a)(1)(ii)(B) or (C) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this Contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the Contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(iv) If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of

the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

(2) Withholding. The Department of Energy or the Recipient or Subrecipient shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this Contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the Contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), all or part of the wages required by the Contract, the Department of Energy, Recipient, or Subrecipient, may, after written notice to the Contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

(3) Payrolls and basic records.

(i) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937, or under the Housing Act of 1949, in the construction or development of the project). Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(ii) (A) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any Contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Department of Energy if the agency is a party to the Contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the Contractor will submit the payrolls to the Recipient or Subrecipient (as applicable), applicant, sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the Department of Energy. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The

prime Contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the Department of Energy if the agency is a party to the Contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the Contractor will submit them to the Recipient or Subrecipient (as applicable), applicant, sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the Department of Energy, the Contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the sponsoring government agency (or the Recipient or Subrecipient (as applicable), applicant, sponsor, or owner).

(B) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the Contract and shall certify the following:

(1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under § 5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under § 5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the Contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the Contract.

(C) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (a)(3)(ii)(B) of this section.

(D) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 3729 of title 31 of the United States Code.

(iii) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the Department of Energy or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the Contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(4) Apprentices and trainees--

(i) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a Contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the

wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(iii) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended and 29 CFR part 30.

(5) Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this Contract.

(6) Contracts and Subcontracts. The Recipient, Subrecipient, the Recipient's and Subrecipient's contractors and subcontractor shall insert in any Contracts the clauses contained herein in (a)(1) through (10) and such other clauses as the Department of Energy may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The Recipient shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all of the paragraphs in this clause.

(7) Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the Contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the Contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

(8) Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this Contract.

(9) Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this Contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this Contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Recipient, Subrecipient, the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(10) Certification of eligibility.

(i) By entering into this Contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

(ii) No part of this Contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

(iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(b) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

(1) Overtime requirements. No Contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the Contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives

compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

(2) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section the Contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such Contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(3) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The Department of Energy or the Recipient or Subrecipient shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime Contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

(4) Contracts and Subcontracts. The Recipient, Subrecipient, and Recipient's and Subrecipient's contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any Contracts, the clauses set forth in paragraph (b)(1) through (4) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The Recipient shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section.

(5) The Contractor or subcontractor shall maintain payrolls and basic payroll records during the course of the work and shall preserve them for a period of three years from the completion of the Contract for all laborers and mechanics, including guards and watchmen, working on the Contract. Such records shall contain the name and address of each such employee, social security number, correct classifications, hourly rates of wages paid, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. The records to be maintained under this paragraph shall be made available by the Contractor or subcontractor for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the Department of Energy and the Department of Labor, and the Contractor or subcontractor will permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job.

From 10 CFR 600.236-Procurement

(a) States. When procuring property and services under a grant, a State will follow the same policies and procedures it uses for procurements from its non-Federal funds. The State will ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by Federal statutes and executive orders and their implementing regulations. Other grantees and sub-grantees will follow paragraphs (b) through (i) in this section.

Note: 600.236 (i)-Contract provisions. A grantee's and sub-grantee's contracts MUST contain provisions in paragraph (i) of this section (1) through (13).

10 CFR 600.236 -- <http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/cgi/t/text/text-idx?c=ecfr&sid=1d87da29f6087f0251f78954c8888ff1&rgn=div8&view=text&node=10:4.0.1.3.9.3.20.23&idno=10>

From 10 CFR 600.237-Subgrants

Retention and Access Requirements for Records

<http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/cgi/t/text/text-idx?type=simple;c=ecfr;cc=ecfr;sid=4c22613d54c8ee557f9dc9d6015ec1c9;idno=10;region=DIV1;q1=600.242;rgn=div8;view=text;node=10%3A4.0.1.3.9.3.20.27>

Conform any advances of grant funds to sub-grantees substantially to the same standards of timing and amount that apply to cash advances by Federal agencies (refer state to 10 CFR 600.221(c)).

10 CFR 60.221(c) Advances. Grantees and subgrantees shall be paid in advance, provided they maintain or demonstrate the willingness and ability to maintain procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of the funds and their disbursement by the grantee or subgrantee.